

TSUNAMI EVACUATION MAP



LINCOLN BEACH, OREGON

IF YOU FEEL AN EARTHQUAKE:

- Drop, cover, and hold
- · Move immediately inland to higher ground
- · Do not wait for an official warning

SI USTED SIENTE EL TEMBLOR:

- Tírese al suelo, cúbrase, y espere
- Diríjase de inmediato a un lugar más alto que el nivel del mar
- · No espere por un aviso oficial



LOCAL TSUNAMI

EVACUATION ZONE

OUTSIDE HAZARD AREA

OUTSIDE HAZARD AREA: Evacuate to this area for all tsunami warnings or if you feel an earthquake.

LOCAL CASCADIA EARTHQUAKE AND TSUNAMI: Evacuation zone for a local tsunami from an earthquake at the Oregon coast.

DISTANT TSUNAMI: Evacuation zone for a distant tsunami from an earthquake far away from the Oregon coast.

ZONA DE PELIGRO EXTERIOR: Evacue a esta área para todas las advertencias del maremoto o si usted siente un temblor.

MAREMOTO LOCAL (terremoto de Cascadia): Zona de evacuación para un tsunami local de un temblor cerca de la costa de Oregon.

MAREMOTO DISTANTE: Zona de evacuación para un tsunami distante de un temblor lejos de la costa de Oregon.





Evacuation route / Ruta de evacuación



Assembly area / Área reunión



Bridge / Puente



Fire department / Bomberos



Airport / Aeropuerto



Trail / Sendero

+ 35'

Elevation, in feet / Elevación, en pies



SCALE / ESCALA









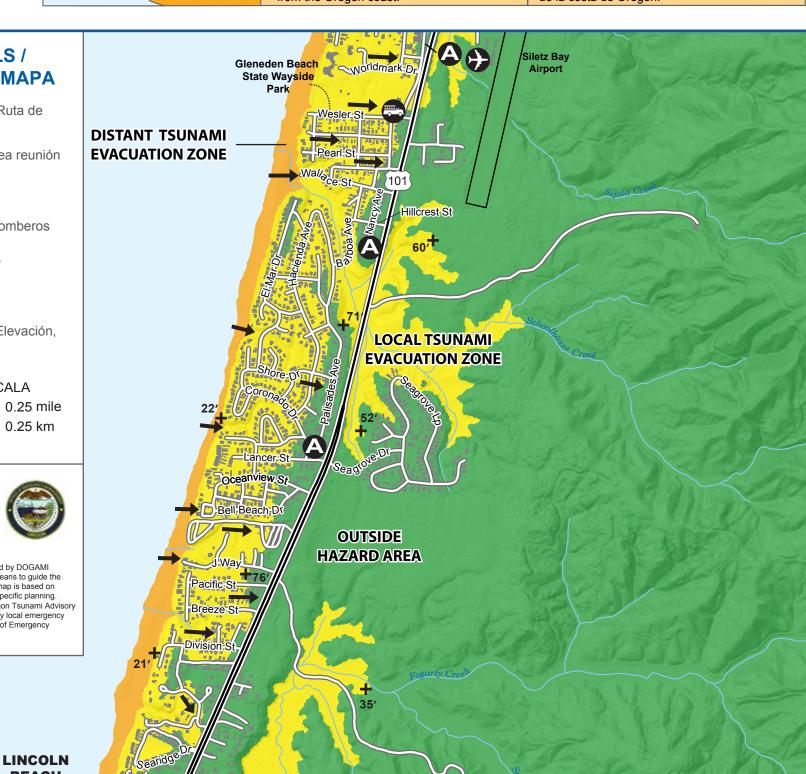
This tsunami evacuation zone map was developed by DOGAMI for the purpose of evaluating the most effective means to guide the public in the event of a tsunami evacuation. The map is based on preliminary data and should not be used for site-specific planning. This map adopts recommendations from the Oregon Tsunami Advisory Council. The evacuation routes were developed by local emergency officials and reviewed by the Oregon Department of Emergency

MAP REVISED 04-22-13

Fishing

Rock

Fogarty Creek State Park



Evacuation for a distant tsunami will generally be indicated by a **3-minute siren blast** (if your area has sirens) and an announcement over MOAA weather radio that the local area has been put into an official TSUNAMI WARNING. In isolated areas along beaches and bays you may not hear a warning siren. Here, a **sudden change of sea level** should prompt you to move immediately to high ground. If you hear the 3-minute blast or see a sudden sea level change, first prompt you?

A distant tsunami will take 4 hours or more to come ashore. You will feel no earthquake, and the tsunami will generally be smaller than that from a local earthquake. Typically, there is time for an official warning and evacuation to safety.

*Assembly areas A are shown on the map. Do not confuse Assembly Areas with Evacuation Centers, which are short-term help centers set up after a disaster occurs.

4. After evacuation, check with local emergency officials if you think you have special skills and can help, or if you need assistance locating lost family members.

3. Stay away from potentially hazardous areas until you receive an ALL CLEAR from local officials. Tsunamis often follow river channels, and dangerous waves can persist for several hours. Local officials must inspect all flooded or earthquake-damaged structures before anyone can go back into them.

2. If you need help evacuating, tie something white (sheet or towel) to the front door knob. Make it large enough to be visible from the street. If the emergency is a distant tsunami, then help may arrive. In the event of a local tsunami, it is unlikely that anyone will help you, so make a plan and be prepared!



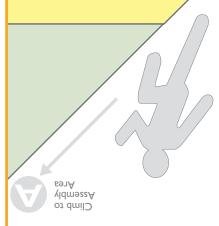
I. Evacuate on foot, if at all possible.
 Follow evacuation signs and arrows to an Assembly Area.*

Isool dor both local and distant tsunamis

A **local tsunami** can come onshore within 15 to 20 minutes after the earthquake — before there is time for an official warning system. Ground shaking from the earthquake may be the only warning you have.

Distant tsunamis







Visit OregonTsunami.org for more great resources!

- Initiate or participate in a local preparedness program
 - Make and distribute emergency packs
 - Start a tsunami buddy system

How to help with tsunami awareness in your community

- Cash
- duct tape, gloves, whistles, plastic bags)
- Tools and supplies (pocket knife, shut-off wrench,
- Rain gear, sturdy footwear, extra clothing
 Personal hygiene items (toilet paper, soap, toothbrush)
 - Portable radio, NOAA weather radio, flashlight, and extra batteries
 - Shelter (tent), sleeping bags, blankets
 - or other heat source Matches in water-proof container or lighter
 - canned food, baby food, energy bars)
 Cooking and eating utensils, can opener, Sterno®
 - Non-perishable food (ready-to-eat meals,
 - Water bottle and filtration or treatment supplies capable of providing 1 gallon per person per day
 - First-aid supplies, prescriptions and non-prescription medication
- for each family member:
 Local map showing safe evacuation routes to high ground
 First-aid supplies, prescriptions and non-prescription

Assemble emergency kits with at least a 3-day supply

BE PREPARED!

a few waves may have been much higher — as much as 100 feet. We distinguish between a tsunami caused by an undersea earthquake near the Oregon coast (a **local** tsunami) and an undersea earthquake far away from the coast (a **distant** tsunami).

occur any time, day or night. Typical wave heights from tsunamis occurring in the Pacific Ocean over the last 500 years have been 20–65 feet at the shoreline. However, because of local conditions a few waves may have been much a figher — as much as 100 feet

cause great loss of life and property damage. Recent research suggests that tsunamis have struck the Oregon coast on a regular basis. They can occur any time, day or night. Typical wave heights from tsunamis occurring in the Pacific Ocean

A *tsunami* is a series of sea waves, usually caused by a displacement of the ocean floor by an undersea earthquake. As tsunamis enter shallow water near land, they increase in height and can

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If you feel an earthquake, a tsunami may be coming...

WHAT TO DO:

- DROP, COVER, HOLD until the earthquake is over; protect yourself
- MOVE IMMEDIATELY INLAND to high ground and away from low-lying coastal areas
- FOLLOW EVACUATION ROUTE SIGNS
- DO NOT WAIT for an official warning
- GO ON FOOT if at all possible
- DO NOT PACK or delay
- DO NOT RETURN to the beach large waves may continue to come onshore for several hours
- WAIT for an "all clear" from local emergency officials before returning to low-lying areas



CONTACTS

Depoe Bay Fire District

6445 Gleneden Beach Loop Road Gleneden Beach, OR 97388 (541) 764-2202 http://www.depoebayfire.com

Lincoln County Sheriff's Office

Emergency Management 225 W Olive Street, Room 203 Newport, OR 97365 (541) 265-4277

http://www.lincolncountysheriff.net

Oregon Emergency Management

3225 State Street, Salem, OR 97301 P.O. Box 14370, Salem, OR 97309 (503) 378-2911

http://www.oregon.gov/OMD/OEM/

Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries

800 NE Oregon Street #28, Suite 965 Portland, OR 97232 (971) 673-1555 http://www.oregongeology.org

Nature of the Northwest Information Center

800 NE Oregon Street #28, Suite 965 Portland, OR 97232 (971) 673-2331 http://www.naturenw.org

International Tsunami Information Center

737 Bishop Street, Suite 2200 Honolulu, HI 96813 (808) 532-6422 http://itic.ioc-unesco.org







Funded by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration under NTHMP contract award DG133W07CN0335 through the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries. Published by the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries in consultation with local emergency management officials.



Lincoln Beach



This information could save your life –

Please read it and share it with your family and friends.

